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3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.				

- Instructions (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answer with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE of the following:

- a) Define fluid pressure intensity and pressure head.
- b) Convert 10 N/cm² pressure in oil column of specific gravity 0.82.
- c) State the types of Fluid flow.
- d) State the various minor losses in the pipe.
- Write Chezy's equation. State the meaning of each term.
- State the necessity of draft tube for every reaction turbine. f)
- Define the following terms-
 - **NPSH** i)
 - ii) Negative slip.

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2. Attempt any THREE of the following:

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- a) Different pressure gauges shows following sets of reading
 - i) $100 \text{ kg}_f/\text{cm}^2$
 - ii) 15 bar convert it into N/mm² and N/m².
- b) A circular plate 3m. diameter is immersed in water in such a way that its greatest and least depth below the free surface of water are 4m and 1m respectively Determine the total pressure and position of center of pressure.
- c) Derive the equation for coefficient of discharge [Cd] for Venturimeter.
- d) Explain with neat sketch the procedure for measuring velocity in pipe using Pitot tube.

3. Attempt any THREE of the following:

- a) A Venturimeter is installed in a pipeline of 30cm diameter, the difference of pressure at entrance and throat read by mercury manometer is 5cm. When the water flows at a rate of 0.05m³/sec. If the discharge coefficient of meter is 0.96, determine the diameter of throat.
- b) Explain H.G.L and T.E.L with neat sketch.
- c) State the equation for hydraulic power transmission through pipe and obtain the condition for maximum power transmission.
- d) Derive an expression for force exerted by jet on stationary inclined flat plate in direction of jet.
- e) A horizontal jet of water is delivered under an effective head of 25m. Calculate the diameter of jet if the force exerted by the jet on a vertical fixed plate is 2.22kN Take coefficient of Velocity as 0.99.

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		Marks
4.	Attempt any THREE of the following:	12
a)	Differentiate between Francis Turbine and Kaplan (Any Four Points).	Turbine.

- b) Classify turbines according to following
 - i) Head at the inlet of turbine.
 - ii) The direction of flow of water through runner.
- c) A Pelton wheel bucket is 1m in diameter. Pressure head at nozzle when it is closed is 15 bar. The discharge when Nozzle is open is 3.5m³/min. If speed is 600 RPM, Calculate power developed and hydraulic efficiency.
- d) Define the following w.r.t centrifugal pump.
 - i) Manometric head
 - ii) Manometric efficiency.
- e) Explain the working of double acting Reciprocating pump with neat sketch.

5. Attempt any TWO of the following:

- a) A Pitot tube was used to measure the quantity of water flowing in a pipe of 0.3m diameter. The water was raised to a height of 0.25m above the centerline of pipe in a vertical limb of the tube. If the mean velocity is 0.78 times the velocity at center and coefficient of pitot tube is 0.98, find the quantity of water in lit/sec. Static pressure head at centre of the pipe is 0.2m.
- b) Find the maximum power that can be transmitted by a power station through a hydraulic pipe 3km long and 0.2m diameter. The pressure at the power station is 60 bars. Take f = 0.0075.
- c) A jet of water 80mm diameter moving with a velocity 20m/sec, strikes a stationary plate. Find the normal force on the plate, when
 - i) The plate is normal to the jet.
 - ii) The angle between jet and plate is 30°

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Marks

6. Attempt any TWO of the following:

- a) Explain the construction and working principle of Pelton wheel turbine with neat sketch.
- b) A centrifugal pump is to discharge water at the rate of 110 lit/sec at the speed of 1450 rpm against head of 13m. Impeller diameter is 250mm and its width is 50mm. If manometric efficiency is 75%, determine Vane angle at outer periphery.
- c) Centrifugal pump not delivering water, give at least three reasons and remedies.